

CORRECTION

Open Access



Correction: Novel lipid indicators and the risk of type 2 diabetes mellitus among Chinese hypertensive patients: findings from the Guangzhou Heart Study

Hai Deng^{1†}, Peng Hu^{2,3†}, Huoxing Li^{4†}, Huanning Zhou^{5†}, Xiuyi Wu⁶, Maohua Yuan⁷, Xueru Duan³, Miaochan Lao⁸, Chuchu Wu², Murui Zheng^{9*}, Xiang Qian Lao¹⁰, Wenjing Zhao^{11*} and Xudong Liu^{2*}

Correction: Cardiovascular Diabetology (2022) 21:212
<https://doi.org/10.1186/s12933-022-01660-z>

Following publication of the original article [1], the author noticed an error in the given name of the co-author. The eighth author's name should be "Miaochan Lao" rather than "Miaochao Lao". This has been corrected with this erratum.

The original article has also been corrected.

Author details

¹Department of Cardiology, Guangdong Cardiovascular Institute, Guangdong Provincial People's Hospital, Guangdong Academy of Medical Science, Guangzhou 510080, China. ²School of Public Health, Guangdong Pharmaceutical University, No. 283 Jianghai Avenue, Haizhu District, Guangzhou 510310, China. ³Department of Epidemiology, School of Public Health, Sun Yat-Sen University, Guangzhou 510080, China. ⁴The Second School of Clinical Medicine, Southern Medical University, Guangzhou 510515, China. ⁵Guangzhou

Yuexiu District Center for Disease Control and Prevention, Guangzhou, China. ⁶Nancun Community Health Service Center, Guangzhou 511442, China. ⁷Dadong Street Community Health Service Center, Guangzhou 510080, China. ⁸Department of Sleep Center, Department of Geriatric Respiratory, Guangdong Provincial People's Hospital, Guangdong Academy of Medical Sciences, Guangdong Provincial Geriatrics Institute, Guangzhou 510080, China. ⁹Department of Community Health, Guangzhou Center for Disease Control and Prevention, No. 1 Qide Road, Baiyun District, Guangzhou 510440, China. ¹⁰JC School of Public Health and Primary Care, Faculty of Medicine, The Chinese University of Hong Kong, Hong Kong 999077, SAR, China. ¹¹School of Public Health and Emergency Management, Southern University of Science and Technology, No. 1088 Xueyuan Avenue, Shenzhen 518055, China.

Published online: 11 January 2023

Reference

1. Deng H, Hu P, Li H, Zhou H, Wu X, Yuan M, Duan X, Lao M, Wu C, Zheng M, Lao XQ, Zhao W, Liu X. Novel lipid indicators and the risk of type 2 diabetes mellitus among Chinese hypertensive patients: findings from the Guangzhou Heart Study. *Cardiovasc Diabetol*. 2022;21:212. <https://doi.org/10.1186/s12933-022-01660-z>.

Publisher's Note

Springer Nature remains neutral with regard to jurisdictional claims in published maps and institutional affiliations.

The original article can be found online at <https://doi.org/10.1186/s12933-022-01660-z>.

[†]Hai Deng, Peng Hu, Huoxing Li, and Huanning Zhou have equal contribution

*Correspondence: zhengmr@163.com; zhaowj@sustech.edu.cn; xdlou.cn@hotmail.com

² School of Public Health, Guangdong Pharmaceutical University, No. 283 Jianghai Avenue, Haizhu District, Guangzhou 510310, China

⁹ Department of Community Health, Guangzhou Center for Disease Control and Prevention, No. 1 Qide Road, Baiyun District, Guangzhou 510440, China

¹¹ School of Public Health and Emergency Management, Southern University of Science and Technology, No. 1088 Xueyuan Avenue, Shenzhen 518055, China

Full list of author information is available at the end of the article



© The Author(s) 2022. **Open Access** This article is licensed under a Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International License, which permits use, sharing, adaptation, distribution and reproduction in any medium or format, as long as you give appropriate credit to the original author(s) and the source, provide a link to the Creative Commons licence, and indicate if changes were made. The images or other third party material in this article are included in the article's Creative Commons licence, unless indicated otherwise in a credit line to the material. If material is not included in the article's Creative Commons licence and your intended use is not permitted by statutory regulation or exceeds the permitted use, you will need to obtain permission directly from the copyright holder. To view a copy of this licence, visit <http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/>. The Creative Commons Public Domain Dedication waiver (<http://creativecommons.org/publicdomain/zero/1.0/>) applies to the data made available in this article, unless otherwise stated in a credit line to the data.